2011 MAY 20 P 2: 14

RE: RIN 1219 - AB64

COMMENT ON MSHA'S PROPOSED RULE TO LOWER MINERS' EXPOSURE TO RESPIRABLE COAL MINE DUST

MSHA's proposed rule renews a much needed focus on the elimination of black lung disease. This is a very important issue. MSHA should implement the rule as speedily as possible.

For years miners have been injured due to breathing coal mine dust. They are short of breath and unable to enjoy and their lives have been changed severely due to working in excessive dust. Their ability to support their families was wiped out and they are now dependent on compensation and disability benefits to get by. Their income is half what they had earned. Black lung has deprived them of a normal and productive life. They cannot do simple chores such as cutting the grass. They cannot take a walk. Black lung has ruined their health. It has changed the lives of their families.

The 1969 Coal Mine Act was intended to eliminate black lung by reducing the amount of dust that miners breathed. The law stated that it intended to ensure that the working conditions in coal mines were sufficiently free of dust in the mine atmosphere to permit each miner the opportunity to work during the period of his entire adult working life without incurring any disability from 'black lung' disease or any other occupation-related disease. However nearly 40 years later we have not ended black lung.

I am encouraged that MSHA has a renewed dedication to eliminating black lung. Miners are entitled to work in a safe and healthy work environment. Miners should be able to work in an environment where they are not at risk for developing an incurable disease.

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