

PUBLIC SUBMISSION

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Docket: MSHA-2014-0031
Exposure of Underground Miners to Diesel Exhaust

Comment On: MSHA-2014-0031-0076
Exposure of Underground Miners to Diesel Exhaust: Request for Information; Reopening of Rulemaking Record; Extension of Comment Period

Document: MSHA-2014-0031-0080
Comment from anonymous anonymous, NA

Submitter Information

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Organization: NA

General Comment

MAT , CLEAN AIR, GREEN ENERGY BAD FOR TAX PAYERS AND BUDGET AND RESEACH USED FLAWED REPORTSCO2 COMING FROM FOREST FIRES may produce as much co2 as half of all fossil-fuels burned", , Smoke from wildland fires is composed of hundreds of chemicals in gaseous, liquid, and solid forms. The chief inhalation hazards seem to be carbon monoxide (CO), aldehydes, respirable particulate matter with a median diameter of 3.5 micrometers (PM3.5), and total suspended particulate (TSP). Many low-to middle-molecular weight aldehydes are present in smoke, but formaldehyde and acrolein have been the most studied. Benzene (C6H6) is present in wildland fire smoke, 2007 said California wildfires pumped nearly 8 million metric tons of climate-warming carbon dioxide into the atmosphere , 2014 California was one of the states that missed a year-and-a-half-old deadline to update their particulate fine matter emission programs. Scientists study estimated that Wildfires in US release millions metric tons of carbon dioxide per year. another report; Wildfires can pump as much carbon dioxide into the atmosphere in just a few weeks as cars do in those areas in an entire year and Fire season lasting only one or two months can release as much carbon as the annual emissions from the entire transportation or energy sector of an individual state.

Nationwide, extreme events like wildfires might still have significant impacts on air quality especially when they occur during periods conducive to ozone formation, Findings demonstrate a clear impact of wildfires on surface O3 nearby and potentially far downwind from the fire location, which means it is not in the Flawed EPA report for Greenhouse gas. US Forest Service

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page, 2015 Pacific Northwest wildfire season Washington 130,000 tons Oregon 90,000 tons of fine particulate matter The greenhouse gas emissions alone were equivalent to more than 8.5 million passenger vehicles driven for a year or heating 3.7 million homes.

Executive order, Roll Back Burdensome Regulations and Executive Order (EO) 13771, "Reducing Regulation . these are not only Burdensome and costly but based on flawed Science. July 2016, EPA's 2013 guidance did not completely provide sufficient guidance to states to fulfill their oversight responsibilities. Nationwide, extreme events like wildfires might still have significant impacts on air quality especially when they occur during periods conducive to ozone formation, Findings demonstrate a clear impact of wildfires on surface O3 nearby and potentially far downwind from the fire location, which means it is not in the Flawed EPA report for Greenhouse gas. US Forest Service page, 2015 Pacific Northwest wildfire season Washington 130,000 tons Oregon 90,000 tons of fine particulate matter The greenhouse gas emissions alone were equivalent to more than 8.5 million passenger vehicles driven for a year or heating 3.7 million homes. Also see Cato institute web page at [cato.org/publications/policy-analysis/case-against-us-carbon-tax ...](http://cato.org/publications/policy-analysis/case-against-us-carbon-tax)