Signs

Good judgment comes from experience and a lot of Accidents come from bad judgment.

- **SLAM Stop Look Analyze Manage** every project should begin with a plan that includes discussion on how this type of task had been completed before and any problems that may occur.
- **Task training is essential** for any new miners or on new equipment that have not been involved in these types of projects in the past. 46.7
- **Required signs** will be strategically placed, maintained and visible at all times. When the hazard no longer exists the sign should be removed.
- **Danger Signs**, should have **RED** as the predominating color and will be used when an immediate hazard exists. Employees shall be instructed that this type of area has special precautions and restrictions. 56.3200; 4101; 4502; 6130; 6132; 6133; 6202; 6306; 6311; 7805; 12021; 20011
- **Caution Signs**, should have **YELLOW** as the predominating color and will be used to warn against potential hazards against unsafe conditions. Employees shall be instructed that this type of area has certain hazards that they should be made aware of.
- **Exit Signs**, should have **RED** letters on a **WHITE** field and will be placed appropriately where the main exit points are located.
- **Directional and Traffic Signs**, should be used as you would observe them along major roads in your area or a common black and white background. 56.9100
- **Barricades**, must be of substantial construction to prevent persons from entering or accessing the area. **Caution tape is not considered a barricade**. 56.6306; .9300; 20011
- **Tags**, are used as a temporary means of warning employees of an existing hazard, such as defective tools, equipment, etc., they should be affixed to the tools or equipment. 56.14100

Fatalgrams: 46.7; 56.6306; 9100; 9300; 14100; 20011

Attendees:

U.S. Department of Labor
Mine Safety and Health Administration
Educational Field and Small Mine Services